

Final Exam Without Answers

The regulations require that the trainees take a written test and must achieve at least 80% correct.

1. Where does risk come from?

- a) Unsafe conditions and unsafe behaviors.
- b) Driving too fast.
- c) Driver behaviors.

2. The definition of safety is:

- a) having no accidents.
- b) acting in a caring way.
- c) freedom from risk.

3. Accidents are caused by:

- a) bad luck.
- b) snow and ice.
- c) people.

4. LLLC Stands for:

- a) Look Ahead, Look Around, Look behind & Communicate.
- b) Look Ahead, Leave Room, Look behind & Communicate.
- c) Look Ahead, Look Around, Leave Room & Communicate.

5. The easiest place to leave room is:

- a) the rear of the bus.
- b) the side of the bus.
- c) right in front of the bus.

6. If you make the practices of LLLC a NORM as you drive:

- a) you will be a high-level professional driver.
- b) accidents will be other drivers fault.
- c) you will remain in control.

7. Look Around means you:

- a) check your mirrors every 5 to 8 seconds.
- b) move your head.
- c) look left, right and then left again at intersections.

8. What is the primary reason for performing a pre-trip?

- a) To comply with regulations.
- b) To make sure the vehicle is safe before we transport students.
- c) To help maintenance identify problems.

9. Which mirrors allow you to see directly in front of the bus, which would otherwise be a very dangerous blind spot?

- a) The flat mirrors.
- b) The convex mirrors.
- c) The crossover mirrors.

10. When approaching an intersection:

- a) focus straight ahead.
- b) cover your brake.
- c) speed up if the light is green.

11. You should adjust your mirrors:

- a) before you back up.
- b) during the pre-trip, before you leave the yard.
- c) once a week.

12. If backing up is unavoidable, and there is no one to spot for you, you should:

- a) give short continuous horn beeps.
- b) shout "Look out", over and over.
- c) wait until someone arrives.

Final Exam Without Answers

- 13. If you use a student to spot for you, the student should:**
- a) stay inside the bus and look out the back window.
 - b) stay to the left of the bus at the rear, in your sight.
 - c) stay near the door where you can see them.
- 14. Children should walk _____ giant steps ahead of the bus before turning to cross.**
- a) 5
 - b) 7
 - c) 15
- 15. Remember to _____ the kids as they leave the bus and again as they walk away from the bus**
- a) greet
 - b) count
 - c) signal
- 16. What should you tell the kids to do if they drop something near the bus?**
- a) Make sure it is clear, then pick it up
 - b) Just leave it
 - c) Ask the driver for help
- 17. If you have checked the road is clear and signaled the kids to cross, should they still stop at the end of the bumper and check for themselves?**
- a) Yes, always
 - b) No, the driver has already checked
 - c) Only on busy streets
- 18. Knowing _____ is one way to reduce the risk of a danger zone accident.**
- a) which children cross the street
 - b) how many children are on the route
 - c) the children's names
- 19. To prevent collisions with pedestrians in left-hand turns, you should:**
- a) establish eye contact.
 - b) rock and roll in your seat to see around the blind spots.
 - c) look as the bus turns.
- 20. When driving in the snow, you should:**
- a) accelerate slowly.
 - b) brake quickly.
 - c) use cruise control to maintain speed.
- 21. Distracted driving is any non-driving activity that has the potential to distract you from:**
- a) the risk of an accident.
 - b) the students.
 - c) the primary task of driving.
- 22. Distracted driving has increased over the years because:**
- a) multi-tasking has become part of our busy lifestyles.
 - b) we rely on electronic devices.
 - c) Both a and b.
- 23. One thing you can do to prevent mental distractions is to:**
- a) conduct a pre-trip inspection.
 - b) take a deep breath and re-focus.
 - c) have a sleep.

Final Exam Without Answers

- 24. What is the best gear to go down a hill?**
- a) The lowest gear
 - b) The gear that revs the least
 - c) The same gear you used going up
- 25. If an animal is in the road or runs out what should you do?**
- a) Slow down, but do not swerve left or right; if you have to, hit the animal
 - b) Hit the brakes as hard as you can
 - c) Swerve to avoid the animal
- 26. Are there any circumstances under which you would physically try to stop the fight?**
- a) If one student is really hurting or injuring the other student
 - b) No, never under any circumstances
 - c) If 3 or 4 students are pummeling one other student
- 27. The purpose of a drug free workplace is to:**
- a) keep you safe.
 - b) keep our moral responsibility to students and parents.
 - c) Both a and b.
- 28. Cars parked along a street near a bus stop can be a hazard because:**
- a) they may pull out.
 - b) it is difficult to maneuver a bus down a narrow street.
 - c) students could be hidden by them.
- 29. A snow mound at a bus stop can be hazardous because:**
- a) it blocks your view of the students.
 - b) students may slip and fall from it while playing.
 - c) Both a and b.
- 30. In high winds, watch for:**
- a) downed trees.
 - b) students who return to the bus because something blew out of their hand.
 - c) blowing debris.
- 31. It's all right to let a student off at a stop other than his own, if he explains why.**
- a) True
 - b) False – never
- 32. If you think a bus stop may be unsafe:**
- a) report it to your supervisor.
 - b) do nothing. The school board sets the stops and they will not change them.
 - c) find a better stop and tell the student the new stop.
- 33. When should you write a report on a student management issue?**
- a) At the end of the week
 - b) As soon as the behavior occurs, even if it means pulling the bus over
 - c) Immediately at the end of your shift
- 34. On your morning run, when should you check your bus for sleeping children?**
- a) When you return to the yard
 - b) After the last child exits at the school
 - c) When you turn the bus off at the yard
- 35. Is there any time you would not need to check for sleeping children after you have transported children?**
- a) No, you must check every single time
 - b) If you are certain they have all gotten off
 - c) If the last student getting off the bus tells you it is clear

Final Exam Without Answers

36. If you find a book bag left behind, this should alert you to:

- a) look for other book bags.
- b) check even closer, the child who owns the book bag may still be on the bus.
- c) check closer for other items.

37. As you greet the students, you should always try to:

- a) comment on each child's hair or outfit.
- b) make eye contact with each child and smile.
- c) nod hello.

38. The quickest way to lose respect and control on your bus is to:

- a) be in a bad mood.
- b) become distracted.
- c) lose control yourself.

39. If you are involved in a minor collision and the bus is in a safe position:

- a) you should evacuate the children.
- b) the children should stay on the bus.
- c) only allow children who are upset to exit the bus.

40. An MVR check is required for every driver once every:

- a) month.
- b) year.
- c) two years.